UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SD Specialized Disclosure Report

EnerSys

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	001-32253	23-3058564	
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(Commission File Number)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)	
2366 Bernville Road, Reading, Pennsylvania		19605	
(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)	
Todd M. Sechrist, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, (610) 208-1991			
(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report.)			

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

x Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2017

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

Conflict Minerals Disclosure

EnerSys has filed a Conflict Minerals Report as Exhibit 1.01 to this specialized disclosure report, incorporated herein by reference. The Conflict Minerals Report is also available at www.enersys.com under the Investor Relations tab. The website and the information accessible through it are not incorporated into this specialized disclosure report.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

See Exhibit 1.01 to this specialized disclosure report, incorporated herein by reference.

Item 2.01 Exhibits

Exhibit 1.01 - Conflict Minerals Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

ENERSYS (Registrant)

 By:
 /s/ Todd M. Sechrist
 May 31, 2018

 Name:
 Todd M. Sechrist
 (Date)

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number Description

1.01 Conflict Minerals Report

CONFLICT MINERALS REPORT for the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2017

Date: May 31, 2018

Introduction

EnerSys (the "Company," "we," or "us") is the world's largest manufacturer, marketer and distributor of industrial batteries. We also manufacture, market and distribute products such as battery chargers, power equipment, battery accessories and outdoor cabinet enclosures. Additionally, we provide related aftermarket and customer-support services for our products. Principally, we are a downstream supplier of battery-related products to customers who have energy storage needs. We market our products globally to over 10,000 customers in more than 100 countries through a network of distributors, independent representatives and our internal sales force. Our business is highly decentralized with manufacturing locations throughout the world. More than half of our manufacturing capacity is located outside the United States, and approximately 50% of our net sales were generated outside the United States. More specifically, we currently have significant manufacturing and/or distribution facilities outside of the United States, in Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, the Czech Republic, France, Germany, India, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, the People's Republic of China, Poland, Spain, Switzerland, Tunisia and the United Kingdom.

The Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") issued final rules (the "Conflict Minerals Rules") to implement Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, which requires companies that file reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including EnerSys, to provide disclosures about conflict minerals that are "necessary to the functionality or production of a product manufactured by the company." "Conflict Minerals", for purposes of these Conflict Minerals Rules, are defined by the SEC to be gold, columbite-tantalite (or coltan, as it is also called), cassiterite, and wolframite, including their derivatives, which are limited to, by the SEC's rule, tantalum, tin, and tungsten, unless the Secretary of State determines that additional derivatives are financing conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo or adjoining countries, called the Covered Countries.

These Conflict Minerals Rules require companies like us to undertake a three-step process. First, we need to determine if these rules apply to us by determining if Conflict Minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of products that we manufacture or contract to be manufactured. Second, if the rules apply, we are required to conduct a reasonable country of origin inquiry to determine if the Conflict Minerals in our supply chain during the calendar year ended December 31, 2017 originated from the Covered Countries. Third, if we are unable to draw a conclusion from our reasonable country of origin inquiry, we are required to exercise due diligence on the Conflict Minerals' source and chain of custody and to prepare a more detailed Conflict Minerals Report.

Determination of Applicability of Conflict Minerals Rules

We have determined that (a) tin (the "Battery Conflict Mineral") is necessary to the functionality or production of our lead-acid batteries and (b) gold, tantalum and tin (the "Electronics Conflict Minerals," and together with Battery Conflict Mineral, the "Subject Minerals") are generic electronic components, for circuit boards, resistors, capacitors, and transformers, which we use in our battery chargers and accordingly are necessary to the functionality or production of our battery chargers.

Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry

Pursuant to the Conflict Minerals Rules, we conducted a good faith inquiry regarding the country of origin of the Subject Minerals used in connection with our products. As part of our inquiry, we continue to monitor smelters previously reported to, or identified by, us as well as those newly identified as part of our inquiry. In addition, based on the information we receive through the Conflict Free Smelter Program, an independent third-party audit program, of the Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative ("CFSI") and the report from the U.S. Department of Commerce on Conflict Minerals processing facilities, as well as our review of publicly available information about identified smelters, we have identified the country of origin information of the Subject Minerals contained in our products, excluding recycled and scrap sources. We believe that this inquiry was reasonably designed to determine whether any of such minerals originated in the Covered Countries or are from recycled or scrap sources. Based upon the inquiry undertaken, we were unable to conclude that the Subject Minerals did not originate in the Covered Countries or that the Subject Minerals are solely from scrap or recycled sources. Accordingly, as required by the Conflict Minerals Rules, because we were unable to conclude the country of origin of the Subject Minerals, we must exercise due diligence on their source and chain of custody.

Due Diligence

We designed our due diligence measures to conform to the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (Second Edition), including the related supplements on tantalum, tin, tungsten, and gold (collectively, the "OECD Framework"). Consistent with the OECD Framework, we undertook a risk-based approach based upon our position in the supply chain for both the Battery Conflict Mineral and the Electronic Conflict Minerals.

As part of our due diligence, we have formed a cross-functional compliance team, involving our internal audit, information technology, legal and purchasing departments, to support our Vice President of Global Procurement, who is responsible for all sourcing decisions. We developed a proprietary electronic platform to solicit and collect supply chain information from our suppliers and vendors that was based, in part, on templates developed by Electronics Industry Citizenship Coalition, Inc. and Global e-Sustainability Initiative. We also conducted interviews with suppliers and vendors and, as part of our normal course of business, conducted on-site due diligence. Responses were reviewed by our compliance team as well as screened by our internal audit department. As part of the process, any red flags identified were brought to the immediate attention of our Vice President of Global Procurement for remedial action. All of our suppliers and vendors are required to comply with our Social Responsibility Disclosure Statement, which covers Conflict Minerals from the Covered Countries, and our purchasing department reviewed supplier and vendor compliance with the same. Our purchasing department continues to incorporate compliance with the

Conflict Minerals Rules into its purchase orders and supply agreements. We believe that, as a result, we were able to identify and assess risk in our supply chain based on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, annual spend and geographic location.

With respect to our Battery Conflict Mineral, most suppliers indicated that such tin originated from scrap or recycled sources. For suppliers that provided smelter information, all such smelters had been certified by the CFSI as "conflict-free" and continue to participate in CFSI's Conflict-Free Smelter Program. Additionally, in order to further improve the due diligence of our Battery Conflict Mineral, we intend to continue, among other things:

- to monitor the sourcing of our supply chain through roll-out of purchase order terms, supplier and employee education, and on-site visits and audits;
- to ensure that our suppliers use tin from either scrap or recycled sources or from smelters participating in a program such as CFSI's program to obtain a "conflict-free" designation; and
- to increase the response rate of suppliers and any identified smelters.

As a result of our due diligence efforts, with respect to the Electronics Conflict Minerals used, many of our electronics component suppliers were unable to assist us in tracing those relevant component parts to their original manufacturer or processor. Based upon the information we received and the due diligence we undertook, we note that we did not receive any information that led us to believe that such Electronics Conflict Minerals originated from the Covered Countries. Many of the key electronics distributors have provided statements that they support the initiatives and are seeking all their suppliers to be "conflict-free". In order to further improve the due diligence of our Electronics Conflict Minerals, we are, among other things:

- improving our supplier communication program involving our purchasing department;
- requiring additional training for our suppliers and employees;
- auditing key high risk suppliers, including more on-site visits;
- requesting smelters identified as a result of our due diligence to participate in a program such as CFSI's program to obtain a "conflict-free" designation;
- considering requiring non-conflict minerals be used in the electronic circuit boards used in our battery chargers;
- participating in CFSI's conflict-free supplier programs;
- participating in the CFSI's Global Smelter Engagement team to actively encourage suppliers to join the CFSI program; and
- endeavoring to increase the response rate of suppliers.

Product Description

The relevant products covered by this Report are:

Lead-Acid Batteries. Our lead-acid batteries are used as energy storage solutions for:

- reserve power products, which are used for backup power for the continuous operation of critical applications in telecommunications systems, uninterruptible power systems, or "UPS" applications for computer and computer-controlled systems, and other specialty power applications, including medical and security systems, premium starting, lighting and ignition applications, in switchgear, electrical control systems used in electric utilities, large-scale energy storage, energy pipelines, in commercial aircraft, satellites, military aircraft, submarines, ships and tactical vehicles; and
- motive power products, which are used to provide power for electric industrial forklifts used in manufacturing, warehousing and other material handling applications, as well as mining equipment, diesel locomotive starting and other rail equipment.

All smelters identified as processing our Battery Conflict Mineral received a "conflict-free" designation from CFSI and continue to participate in its "conflict-free" smelter program.

Battery Chargers. Our battery chargers are used with both reserve power products and motive power products, as each are described above. As a downstream consumer of electronics components and due in large part to the complexity of the electronics supply chain, our suppliers were unable to provide us with information to enable us to identify the source, whether recycled or scrap, of, or facilities that process, the Electronics Conflict Minerals that are present in the electronic circuit boards we use for our battery chargers. Accordingly, we cannot identify the country of origin of such Electronics Conflict Minerals.

Enclosures. Our thermally managed cabinets and enclosures for electronic equipment and batteries are used with reserve power products as described above. As a downstream consumer of electronics components and due in large part to the complexity of the electronics supply chain, our suppliers were unable to provide us with information to enable us to identify the source, whether recycled or scrap, of, or facilities that process, the Electronics Conflict Minerals that are present in the electronic circuit boards we use for our enclosures. Accordingly, we cannot identify the country of origin of such Electronics Conflict Minerals.

Determination

Based on the information obtained during our due diligence through December 31, 2017, we believe that the facilities that may have been used to process the Subject Minerals in our lead-acid batteries and battery chargers include the smelters listed in **Annex I**.

Based on these due diligence efforts, we do not have sufficient information to conclusively determine the countries of origin of the Subject Minerals in our products or whether the Subject Minerals in our products are from recycled or scrap sources. However, based on the information obtained during our due diligence, we believe that the countries of origin of the Subject Minerals contained in our products include the countries listed in **Annex II** attached, as well as recycled and scrap sources.

As permitted by the Conflict Minerals Rules, because we were unable to determine the countries of origin of the Subject Minerals, this report is not required to be audited.

We have provided information as of the date of this Report. Subsequent events, such as the inability or unwillingness of any suppliers or smelters to comply with our requests or due diligence may affect our future determinations under Rule 13p-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

Annex I

Process Facilities as of December 31, 2017

Subject Metal	Facility Name of Smelter or Refiner	Country location of Smelter
Tungsten	A.L.M.T. TUNGSTEN Corp.	Japan
Gold	Advanced Chemical Company	United States of America
Gold	Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G.	Germany
Gold	Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)	Uzbekistan
Gold	AngloGold Ashanti Corrego do Sitio Mineracao	Brazil
Gold	Argor-Heraeus S.A.	Switzerland
Gold	Asahi Pretec Corp.	Japan
Gold	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.	Japan
Tantalum	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.	Japan
Tungsten	Kennametal Huntsville	United States of America
Gold	Aurubis AG	Germany
Gold	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)	Philippines
Gold	Boliden AB	Sweden
Gold	C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG	Germany
Gold	CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation	Canada
Gold	Cendres + Metaux S.A.	Switzerland
Tantalum	Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Chimet S.p.A.	Italy
Tin	Jiangxi Ketai Advanced Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tantalum	Guangdong Rising Rare Metals-EO Materials Ltd.	China
Tin	Alpha	United States of America
Tin	CV Gita Pesona	Indonesia
Tin	PT Aries Kencana Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT Premium Tin Indonesia	Indonesia
Tin	CV United Smelting	Indonesia
Gold	Daejin Indus Co., Ltd.	Republic of Korea
Gold	DSC (Do Sung Corporation)	Republic of Korea
Gold	DODUCO Contacts and Refining GmbH	Germany
Gold	Dowa	Japan
Tin	Dowa	Japan
Gold	Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd.	Japan
Tin	EM Vinto	Bolivia (Plurinational State Of)
Tantalum	Exotech Inc.	United States of America
Tantalum	F&X Electro-Materials Ltd.	China
Tin	Fenix Metals	Poland
Gold	OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
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Tin Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd. China United States of America Tungsten Global Tungsten & Powders Corp. **Tantalum** Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd. China Gold HeeSung Metal Ltd. Republic of Korea Gold Heimerle + Meule GmbH Germany Gold Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd. China Gold Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG Germany Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co., Ltd. China Tin China Tungsten Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd. China Tungsten Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. Gold Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd. China Gold Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Istanbul Gold Refinery Turkey Gold Japan Mint Japan Tungsten Japan New Metals Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd. China China Tungsten Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. **Tantalum** JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. China **Tantalum** Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd. China Gold Asahi Refining USA Inc. United States of America Gold Asahi Refining Canada Ltd. Canada Gold JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant Russian Federation Gold Russian Federation JSC Uralelectromed Gold JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd. Japan Tin Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC China Gold Kazzinc Kazakhstan Tungsten Kennametal Fallon United States of America Kennecott Utah Copper LLC United States of America Gold Gold Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Kyrgyzaltyn JSC Kyrgyzstan Tin China Tin Group Co., Ltd. China Tantalum LSM Brasil S.A. Brazil Gold LS-NIKKO Copper Inc. Republic of Korea Tin Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC) Malaysia Gold Materion United States of America Gold Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd. Japan Tin United States of America Metallic Resources, Inc. Gold Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd. China Gold Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd. China Gold Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd. Singapore Gold Metalor Technologies S.A. Switzerland Gold Metalor USA Refining Corporation United States of America Gold Metalurgica Met-Mex Penoles S.A. De C.V. Mexico **Tantalum** Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd. India Tin Mineracao Taboca S.A. Brazil **Tantalum** Mineracao Taboca S.A. Brazil Tin Peru Gold Mitsubishi Materials Corporation Japan Tin Mitsubishi Materials Corporation Japan **Tantalum** Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd. Japan NPM Silmet AS **Tantalum** Estonia Gold Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant Russian Federation Gold Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.S. Turkey Tin Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd. China Gold Nihon Material Co., Ltd. Japan Tantalum China Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd. Tin O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Thailand

Gold Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd. Japan Gold OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet) Russian Federation Tin Operaciones Metalurgical S.A. Bolivia (Plurinational State Of) PAMP S.A. Gold Switzerland Gold Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals Russian Federation Gold PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk Indonesia Tin PT Artha Cipta Langgeng Indonesia Tin PT Babel Inti Perkasa Indonesia Tin PT Bangka Tin Industry Indonesia PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera Indonesia Tin Tin PT Bukit Timah Indonesia Tin PT DS Java Abadi Indonesia PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri Indonesia Tin PT Karimun Mining Tin Indonesia Tin PT Mitra Stania Prima Indonesia Tin PT Panca Mega Persada Indonesia Tin PT Prima Timah Utama Indonesia PT Refined Bangka Tin Indonesia Tin Tin PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa Indonesia Tin PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa Indonesia Tin PT Sumber Jaya Indah Indonesia Tin PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur Indonesia Tin PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok Indonesia Tin PT Tinindo Inter Nusa Indonesia Tin PT Tommy Utama Indonesia Gold PX Precinox S.A. Switzerland United States of America **Tantalum** QuantumClean Gold Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd. South Africa RFH Tantalum Smeltery Co., Ltd./Yanling Jincheng Tantalum & Niobium Co., **Tantalum** China Ltd. Gold Royal Canadian Mint Canada Tin Rui Da Hung Taiwan, Province of China Gold Samduck Precious Metals Republic of Korea Gold SEMPSA Joyeria Plateria S.A. Spain Gold Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd. China Gold Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd. China Gold Russian Federation SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals Tin Soft Metais Ltda. Brazil Gold Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp. Taiwan, Province of China **Tantalum** Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO Russian Federation Gold Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd. Japan **Tantalum** Taki Chemical Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K. Japan Tungsten Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd. Vietnam **Tantalum** Telex Metals United States of America Tin Thaisarco Thailand Tin Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd. China Gold The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd. China Gold Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Torecom Republic of Korea **Tantalum** Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC Kazakhstan Gold Umicore Brasil Ltda. Brazil Gold Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining Belgium Gold United Precious Metal Refining, Inc. United States of America Gold Valcambi S.A. Switzerland Vietnam Tungsten Vietnam Youngsun Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd. Gold Western Australian Mint (T/a The Perth Mint) Australia Tin White Solder Metalurgia e Mineracao Ltda. Brazil

Tungsten Wolfram Bergbau und Hutten AG Austria Tungsten Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd. China Tungsten Xinhai Rendan Shaoguan Tungsten Co., Ltd. China Gold Yamakin Co., Ltd. Japan Gold Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd. Japan Tin Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. China Yunnan Tin Company Limited China Tin Gold Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation China Gold Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. China Gold SAFINA A.S. Czech Republic Gold Umicore Precious Metals Thailand Thailand Tungsten Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd. China Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd. China Tungsten China Tungsten Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd. Tungsten Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd. China Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd. China Tungsten Tungsten Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd. China Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd. China Tungsten Indonesia Tin CV Venus Inti Perkasa United States of America Gold Geib Refining Corporation Tin Brazil Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda. Tantalum Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd. China Tungsten China Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd. Brazil Tin Melt Metais e Ligas S.A. Tungsten Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd. Vietnam Tin PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya Indonesia United States of America **Tantalum** D Block Metals, LLC **Tantalum** FIR Metals & Resource Ltd. China **Tantalum** Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. China **Tantalum** XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd. China Gold MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd. India Gold Republic Metals Corporation United States of America **Tantalum** Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. China China Tungsten Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. Gold Singway Technology Co., Ltd. Taiwan, Province of China Tin O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc. Philippines Tin PT Inti Stania Prima Indonesia KEMET Blue Metals **Tantalum** Mexico Tungsten H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH Germany Tungsten H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG Germany Tungsten Nui Phao H.C. Starck Tungsten Chemicals Manufacturing LLC Vietnam **Tantalum** H.C. Starck Co., Ltd. Thailand Tantalum H.C. Starck Tantalum and Niobium GmbH Germany **Tantalum** H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH Germany **Tantalum** H.C. Starck Inc. United States of America H.C. Starck Ltd. **Tantalum** Japan **Tantalum** H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG Germany Tungsten Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. China **Tantalum** Global Advanced Metals Boyertown United States of America **Tantalum** Global Advanced Metals Aizu Japan Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC United Arab Emirates Gold **Emirates Gold DMCC** United Arab Emirates Gold **Tantalum** KEMET Blue Powder United States of America Tin CV Ayi Jaya Indonesia Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji China Tungsten Gold T.C.A S.p.A Italy Tungsten Niagara Refining LLC United States of America Tin CV Dua Sekawan Indonesia

Tin PT Rajehan Ariq Indonesia Gold Korea Zinc Co., Ltd. Republic of Korea

Gold Marsam Metals Brazil

Tungsten

Tungsten

Hydrometallurg, JSC

Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. Tin **Brazil Tantalum** Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. Brazil

Russian Federation Tungsten Unecha Refractory metals plant

Gold **SAAMP** France Gold Italpreziosi Italy Tin Metallo Belgium N.V. Belgium Tin Metallo Spain S.L.U. Spain Tin PT Bangka Prima Tin Indonesia Gold SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH Germany

WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH Gold Germany Ogussa Osterreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH Gold Austria Tungsten South-East Nonferrous Metal Company Limited of Hengyang City China

Tin PT Sukses Inti Makmur Indonesia Philippines Tungsten Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc. Indonesia Tin PT Kijang Jaya Mandiri

Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd. China Tungsten Brazil Tungsten ACL Metais Eireli Tin PT Menara Cipta Mulia Indonesia

Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material **Tantalum** China

Tungsten Woltech Korea Co., Ltd. Republic of Korea

Tin HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd. China Moliren Ltd.

Tantalum Power Resources Ltd. The Former Yugoslav Republic of

Russian Federation

Russian Federation

Macedonia

Tin Gejiu Fengming Metallurgy Chemical Plant China Tin Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Smelting Plant China Gold AU Traders and Refiners South Africa Tin Gejiu Jinye Mineral Company China

Tin PT Lautan Harmonis Sejahtera Indonesia

Gold SungEel HiMetal Co., Ltd. Republic of Korea Gold Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Chile

Gold Italy Safimet S.p.A Tin China Guangdong Hanhe Non-Ferrous Metal Co., Ltd.

Note: Smelter and refiner facility names originate from information provided by CFSI.

Annex II

Countries of Origin

Andorra Netherlands Australia New Zealand Austria Peru Belgium **Philippines** Bolivia Poland Brazil Republic of Korea Canada Russian Federation Chile Saudi Arabia China Singapore South Africa Czech Republic Estonia Spain France Sudan

Sweden Germany India Switzerland Indonesia Taiwan, Province of China Italy Thailand Japan Turkey Kazakhstan Uganda* Kyrgyzstan United Arab Emirates Lithuania United States of America Macedonia Uzbekistan Malaysia Vietnam Mexico Zambia* Myanmar Zimbabwe

* An adjoining country to the Democratic Republic of Congo.